# SPATIAL ECOLOGY OF WILD BOAR

Spatial ecology of invasive wild boar (*Sus scrofa*) in Canada: Informing population and disease control

#### Authors

Devin Fitzpatrick<sup>1</sup>, Ryan Brook<sup>2</sup>, Kim Pepin<sup>3</sup>, Rob Deardon<sup>1</sup>, Mathieu Pruvot<sup>1</sup>

#### Affiliations

<sup>1</sup>University of Calgary, <sup>2</sup>University of Saskatchewan, <sup>3</sup>United States Department of Agriculture

## BACKGROUND

• Invasive wild boar populations threaten ecosystem and public health in North America, causing severe destruction to wildlife habitat

- and crops and acting as a reservoir for pathogens.
- Diseases, such as African swine fever (ASF), can be transmitted to livestock and other wildlife, resulting in severe economic losses and animal welfare concerns.
- Knowledge gaps in wild boar spatial ecology specific to Canadian populations currently hinder development of effective control strategies in Alberta.

## **OBJECTIVE 1**

Establish the current **distribution** of invasive wild boar in Alberta and predict where the species is likely to **spread**.

## METHODS

Species distribution modelling using

# **OBJECTIVE 2**

Determine the **population characteristics** of wild boar in Alberta.

## METHODS

Analyses using camera trap and GPS telemetry collar data.

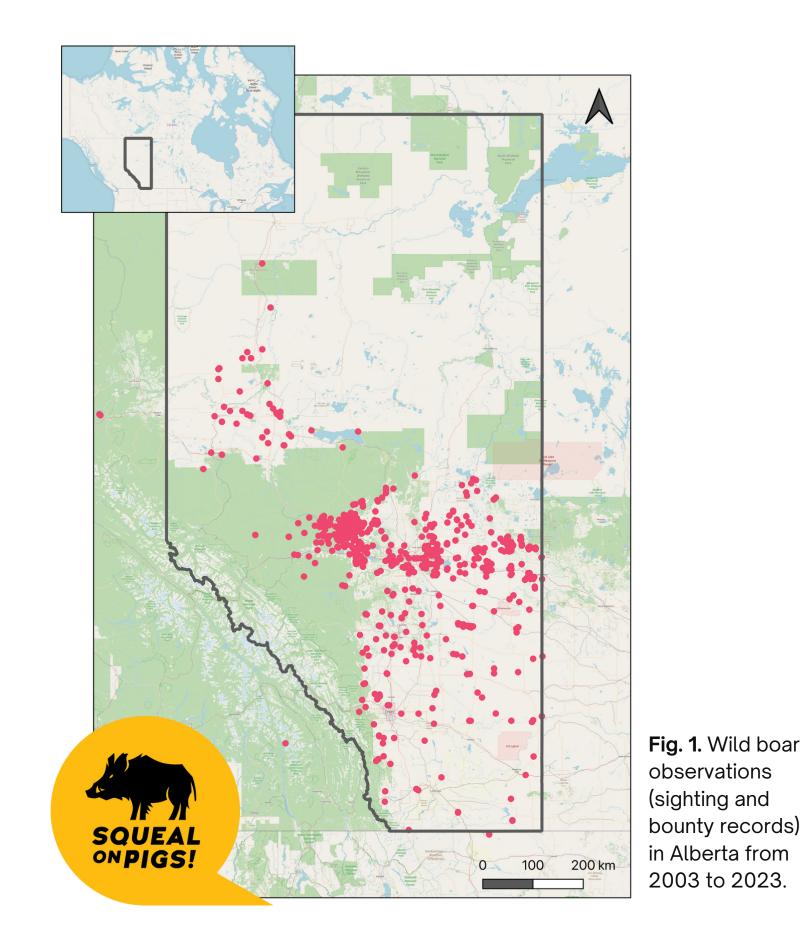
# **OBJECTIVE 3**

Examine **contact patterns** within and between wild boar sounders and the consequences of these for **disease transmission** in Alberta.

# METHODS

• Analyses using camera trap and GPS

#### public reporting data.

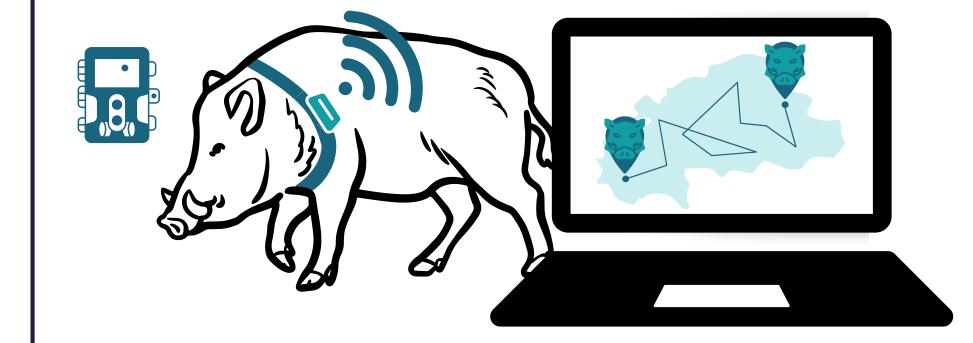


## EXPECTED OUTCOMES

Identify priority areas for management

Density

- Home range
- Habitat use

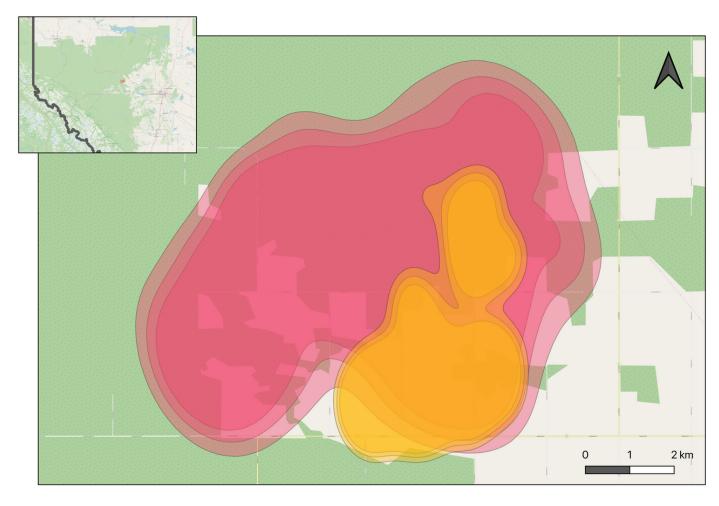


# EXPECTED OUTCOMES

- Determine whether current wild boar density can support the spread and persistence of ASF in Alberta.
- Dictate size requirements for buffer zones around ASF detection sites.
- Guide spatial distribution of live traps and rapid response detection devices

#### telemetry collar data.

- Home range overlap
- Direct and indirect contacts





# EXPECTED OUTCOMES

Highlight effective points of

in the province.

(i.e., camera traps).

intervention.

## SIGNIFICANCE

- Assess the severity of the wild boar invasion in Alberta.
- Inform development of effective population and disease control strategies.



Devin Fitzpatrick PhD Student Faculty of Veterinary Medicine devin.fitzpatrick1@ucalgary.ca



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